



# **Internship Tools**

# **Documents, Forms and Implementation Tools Packet**

**Unpaid Internships Fact Sheet** 

A fact sheet for employers to help understand when interns need to be paid.

USDOL Fact Sheet #71: Internship Programs Under the Fair Labor Standards Act

The regulations governing internships from the federal government.

What Every Worksite Supervisor Should Know Suggestions and tips for internship supervisors.

Work-Based Learning Plan and Evaluation

A guide and evaluation too that helps guide and assess the internship experience.



# **Unpaid Internship Rules**

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Internships provide recent college graduates and those transitioning to new careers with the opportunity for real-life job training and can even lead to full-time jobs. College students, meanwhile, often receive class credit for internships. Employers can use internship programs to scout out new talent and get temporary help without committing to permanent new hires.

But business owners who view interns as free labor or potential hires need to know that federal **payment in** most circumstances. That's not to say employers can never have unpaid interns; they're just not very common, at least legally. State laws may also apply, but the <u>Fair Labor Standards Act (FLSA)</u> governs how interns must be compensated under federal law.

See FindLaw's <u>Higher Education</u> section for more articles related to college and life after graduation.

#### Primary Beneficiary Test for Unpaid Internships

The vast majority of interns working at for-profit organizations must be paid at least the minimum wage and any applicable overtime. Technically, paid interns are temporary employees and treated virtually the same as regular employees with respect to labor law. But you may legally hire an unpaid intern if you can show the intern is the "primary beneficiary" of the relationship. To determine who is the primary beneficiary, courts take into consideration the extent to which:

- 1. The intern understands they will not receive compensation and does not expect compensation.
- 2. The internship is similar to training they would receive in an educational environment.
- 3. The internship is part of the intern's coursework, or the intern will receive academic credit for the internship.
- 4. The intern does not displace regular employees but works under close supervision of existing staff while receiving educational benefits.
- 5. The internship aligns with the intern's academic calendar, allowing them to meet their other academic commitments.
- 6. The length of the internship aligns with the period of beneficial learning for the intern.
- 7. Both parties understand there is no guarantee of a job at the conclusion of the internship.



#### Common Factors to Consider for Internship Programs

#### Similar to an Educational Environment -

An internship is more likely to be viewed as a training program as opposed to actual employment if it is structured around a classroom experience and if the intern is provided with skills that can be applied to other employment settings. A rule of thumb is that an unpaid intern does not regularly perform the company's routine work, nor is the business dependent upon that individual's work product.

# Displacement and Supervision -

Interns used as substitutes for regular workers or to provide a needed boost in personnel must be paid at least minimum wage and any overtime. But if the intern is receiving job shadowing opportunities without performing more than a minimum of work, the relationship is more likely to be viewed as an unpaid internship.

#### Job Entitlement -

Employers should establish the duration of the internship from the beginning and avoid making any promises of a permanent position or calling it a "trial period."

#### Make Sure Your Internships Are Properly Implemented: Talk to a Lawyer

If your company is planning to take on interns, make sure you fully understand the legal requirements. Internships are a great way to help college students and recent graduates get started on their careers, while also providing employers with a chance to cultivate talent. But employers who violate the law can face stiff penalties. Contact a local employment law attorney to ensure that you handle this and other small business employment issues with confidence.

# **Next Steps**

Contact a qualified business attorney to help you prevent and address human resources problems.

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# **The Work and Learning Process**

# What Every Worksite Supervisor Should Know

There are many ways to supervise people and get a job done. Whether a Work-Experience or an Internship, there are many ways to teach learners new skills. Supervising a learning-rich task requires a supervisor who is more of a coach than a boss. Supervisor can ask themselves the following eight questions to improve the value of the experience for young workers:

# What work needs doing that is of value to the organization?

Make sure that the project and its tasks have some real benefit to the company. People know when they are doing make-work. Real goals foster real effort. Real accomplishments foster and raise higher self-esteem.

#### How will learners be directed to do the task?

The key here is to offer advice rather than answers. That advice usually comes in the form of a question, which encourages the learner to arrive at his/her own conclusions. As an expert, it's natural to want share all of our knowledge in our particular discipline. However, the best way for young people to learn is through exploration. This does not mean that answers are never given. However, in most cases, there are multiple options, multiple solutions, and multiple answers. The responsibility is to coach the learner to find solutions...not to simply provide the solution.

#### What should the learners learn about?

In addition to learning the skills they need to accomplish the project at hand, learners are acquiring skills that are applicable to a broad range of jobs. Encourage them to think about what other ways they might use the skills they are practicing at the moment. Ask them to talk with each other and their supervisors what skills they are learning in the workplace.

# How will they best learn it?

We know from research that people learn best in an authentic context, that is, they learn skills by using those skills, and by reflecting on what they have done. As learners progress through their work, have them reflect on their work and learning in a journal, in group discussions, and on their own.

## What is the supervisor's role in this process?

There are at least two roles: the "boss" and the coach. The boss makes sure that the work gets done, and the learners understand the consequences if it does not. It is important that both the supervisor and the learner agree on clearly articulated expectations. The second role is much more complex, and one that we suggest is a critical element to the success of both the supervisor's and young person's experience. In the role of coach, adults encourage learners through the process of what they are doing and learning. The coach encourages them to learn from and improve their performance. The coach asks questions to encourage thought about possible solutions rather than giving answers. If you provide all the answers, they will not learn how to find them on their own. If you give them thoughtful questions, they will learn to seek and find the information they need to produce solutions.

## What will supervisors get out of the experience?

One learns a subject best by teaching or demonstrating it. Moreover, for many it provides an opportunity to acquire or improve their own supervisory skills. Last but



not least, real work is accomplished by the learner that is valued by the organization or company.

# What will the learner get out of the experience?

This approach yields multiple benefits for the learner. They develop a sense of self-worth and confidence in their ability to learn. They also get real work experience and they expand their horizons by seeing "what work looks like". In turn, they begin to see themselves as working successfully within an organization or company. learners also experience the value of learning and understand that it does not stop when one enters the workplace.

# What will the community get out of the experience?

The community benefits through providing opportunities for young people to become productive citizens.

# **Key Ingredients to Quality Work-Based Learning**

- Ensure that the learning contributes to building skills and knowledge rather than simply being exposed to work. It is the nature of the work experience or internship that makes it work-based learning, not simply the "being" at a worksite.
- Ensure employer participation. This learning strategy requires that employer partners engage in at least two ways: they identify the real work that needs to get done, and they provide supervision to the learners. The intensity of their involvement at work can vary from providing the technical expertise of the content of the work with program staff being on site daily to provide the intensive coaching, to providing all supervision as a supervisor and coach.
- Ensure careful planning of what learners will be taught, and how they will learn new things. The learning opportunities involved in the work at hand must be explicitly planned for and continually recognized as "moments of learning."
- Ensure competent supervision, coaching, and mentoring by adults. Training of program staff and worksite supervisors on facilitation and coaching skills is a must. These skills are not innate and must be learned and practiced.
- Ensure assessment and documentation of learning through the actual demonstration of skills and knowledge, and the creation of authentic work products and assessments by the worksite supervisor.
- Ensure opportunities for learners to reflect both on the knowledge and skills they are gaining, and how to improve upon them.
- Ensure that connections are made between what is being learned in classroom settings and at work.
- Ensure school credit for work-based learning at the secondary and post-secondary levels.

Adapted from: Work-Based Learning: Learning to Work; Working to Learn; Learning to Learn, Strumpf, Center for Strategic Change



# **Work-Based Learning Plan and Evaluation**

The Earn & Learn partners developed this Work-Based Learning planning and assessment tool for use in Earn & Learn Work Experiences, Internships and other appropriate Work-Based Learning activities. The tool has four components:

- 1. Data Sheet
  - The who, what, where and when of the experience—learner information, employer sponsor information, experience description and details, school, college or organization information, Earn & Learn connector contact information, and other details.
- 2. Academic Enrichment and Career Development Learning Objectives
  A set of key learning objectives centered on academics and personal growth and
  development. Developed with the Earn & Learn connector and/or teacher/faculty
  and shared with the worksite supervisor. Assessed by the connector or
  teacher/faculty with the learner.
- 3. Assessment of the Earn & Learn Work-Readiness Competencies
  An assessment of the work-readiness and job-specific skills demonstrated
  through the experience. Assessed by the worksite supervisor at the midpoint and
  at completion of the experience.

# Work Readiness Competencies

- 1. Attendance
- 2. Timeliness
- 3. Workplace Appearance
- 4. Initiative and Self-Management
- 5. Quality of Work
- 6. Communication Skills
- 7. Response to Supervision

- 8. Collaboration and Teamwork
- 9. Comfort with Diversity
- 10. Critical Thinking/ Problem Solving
- 11. Workplace Culture, Policy and Safety
- 12. Career and Occupational Learning Objectives

A set of key additional skill-development learning objectives centered on expanding career knowledge and occupational skills development specific to the experience are developed with the learner, worksite supervisor and connector and included on the assessment tool. Assessed by the worksite supervisor.



# **Data Sheet**

Learner

This Work-Based Learning plan and evaluation combines skill development learning objectives, academic enhancements and personal development goals with an assessment of the learner's work readiness skills demonstrated through the experience. The assessment gauges a youth's progress towards readiness for a successful transition into the world of work. It reflects important skills, attitudes, and values that are essential for success in the workplace. Enter information about the participating learner, the referring Earn & Learn connector, the worksite supervisor, and details about the Work-Based Learning experience.

Name	Age				
Phone					
		Grade LevelPathway			
Work-Based Learning Co	onnector/Ref	erring Teacher or Faculty member Title			
Organization/School					
Phone		City, State ZIP Email			
Worksite Supervisor Name					
Organization/Company		Industry Sector			
Phone	Email	City, State ZIP Preferred Form of Contact			
Job/Internship Title		Type Schedule			
Start Date	_End Date	Compensation			
Duties:					
 _ Comments/Notes:					

Date(s) Evaluated



# **Learning Objectives**

together to identify reasona academic enrichment or ca	s that are specific to the particable and measurable learning reer development potential to ment objectives tied to youth	objectives based on hrough the job or Internship,
Academic Enrichment and Career	r Development Learning Objectives	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	orkplace opportunities that enhand ner, teachers and connector detern learning objectives together.	
Technical/Academic Skills Learning Objectives	Related Job Tasks	Evidence or Outcomes
Comments:		
Personal/Youth Development L	earning Objectives	
development learning objective	workplace or program opportunit es. The learner, worksite supervisc able and appropriate and set learnir	or, and connector determine what
Personal or Developmental Skills Objectives	Related Job Tasks	Evidence or Outcomes
Comments		

Learner\_\_\_\_\_\_Date(s) Established



Next Step Recommendations:

# Work-Based Learning Toolkit Internship Guide

Worksite Supervisor Evaluation Midpoint Evaluation						FinalEvaluation		
	that may be developed and demonstrated during the evaluation at the midpoint and completion of the Superviso	experienc		ter below. T	he worksit	e 		
WORK-READY SKILL	PERFORMANCE EXPECTATIONS	Not Exposed	Training Level	Improving Towards Entry Level	At Entry Level	Exceeds Entry Level		
ATTENDANCE	Understands work expectations for attendance and adheres to them. Notifies the supervisor in advance in case of absence.							
TIMELINESS	Understands work expectations for punctuality. Arrives on time, takes and returns from breaks on time. Informs supervisor prior to being late.							
WORKPLACE APPEARANCE	Dresses appropriately for position and duties. Wears safety gear when necessary. Practices personal hygiene appropriate for position and duties.							
INITIATIVE AND SELF- MANAGEMENT	Takes initiative and participates fully. Asks supervisor for next task upon completion of previous one. Identifies problems and proposes improvement strategies.							
QUALITY OF WORK	Gives best effort, evaluates own work, and utilizes feedback to improve work performance. Pays attention to detail and meets accepted quality standards.							
COMMUNICATION SKILLS	Communicates effectively, verbally and in writing. Listens attentively and responds appropriately. Uses language appropriate to the work environment. Asks questions.							
RESPONSE TO SUPERVISION	Accepts direction, feedback and constructive criticism with positive attitude and uses information to improve work performance. Completes tasks as asked.							
COLLABORATION AND TEAMWORK	Relates positively with co-workers. Works productively with individuals and with teams. Asks for and offers assistance							
COMFORT WITH DIVERSITY	Is comfortable with different types of people. Respects diversity in race, gender and culture. Avoids the use of language that stereotypes or demeans others.							
CRITICAL THINKING AND PROBLEM- SOLVING	Exercises sound reasoning and analytical thinking. Uses knowledge and information from job to solve workplace problems.							
WORKPLACE CULTURE, POLICY AND SAFETY	Demonstrates understanding of workplace culture and policy. Complies with health and safety rules and reports emergencies. Shows integrity, honesty, dedication to work.							
SPECIFIC SKIILS	PERFORMANCE EXPECTATIONS							
Number of Work-Read Comments on Learner	dy Skills Assessed at or Above Entry Level 's Talents and Abilities							
Time Frame: From	То	Total	 Hours					
Worksite Supervisor S	ignature		Date _					
Learner Signature			Date					
WBL Connector/Teac	her/Faculty/Signature		Date					



# **Evaluation Legend**

**Not Exposed**: Intern was not provided the opportunity to achieve this objective or demonstrate the skill.

**Training Level:** Preparing to become work ready, but has difficulty completing tasks without prompting and repeated help. Does not readily request help. Does not attempt task before asking for or receiving assistance.

Improving Towards Entry Level: More work ready. Has difficulty completing some tasks. May attempt task before asking for help. Needs prompting or assistance.

**Entry Level**: Meets and demonstrates the skills at a level equal to what is expected of any employee in a similar position. Completes tasks and work projects with and without help. Improves work using team or supervisor feedback. Meets quality standards.

**Exceeds Entry Level:** Demonstrates mastery of skills at a level above what is expected of any employee in a similar position. Uses information generated personally and by others to improve work quality. Identifies problems before they arise and makes adjustments accordingly. Exceeds work expectations for quality and attends to detail in the development of projects and assignments.

#### Sample Learning Objective Topics

Academic, Career and Personal Development Learning objective sample topics

#### Academic/Technical Topics

- ✓ Written communications
- ✓ Reading for knowledge
- ✓ Applying math and analyzing data
- ✓ Specific computer skills
- ✓ Specific occupational skills
- ✓ Technical knowledge

#### Career Development Topics

- ✓ Knowledge and awareness of potential careers
- ✓ Industry sector history and projections
- ✓ Education requirements

# Personal Development Learning Objective Topics

- ✓ Leadership/Self-awareness
- ✓ Creative thinking/innovation
- ✓ Comfort with others/diversity
- ✓ Self-management/Time management

# Specific Skills (on the Worksite Supervisor Evaluation)

Specific skills that may be learned and demonstrated through the experience can be included in the evaluation. These may include some of the following skills:

#### Occupation/Technical Skills

- ✓ Occupation-specific skills
- ✓ Industry-sector skills
- ✓ Industry-wide skills
- ✓ Tools and systems operation
- ✓ Safety

## General Business Skills

- ✓ Customer service skills
- ✓ Telephone skills
- ✓ Planning and organizing
- ✓ Scheduling and coordinating
- Selecting and using computer applications